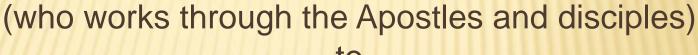


### INTRODUCTION:

- "Acts of the Apostles"
- This book summarise the work of:

the Holy Spirit



witness our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ (to everyone and nation all over the world)

It is the fulfilment of the commission of the Lord to His disciples

"You shall be witnesses to Me in Jerusalem, and in all Judea and Samaria, and to the end of the earth" (1:8)



#### **AUTHOR AND TIMING:**

- × St. Luke
  - + the physician and veryeducated gentile from Antioch
  - + a disciple of St Paul and his partner in his trips and imprisonment
  - + He was an eyewitness to the account he wrote as a close travelling companion of St. Paul.



- St. Luke wrote it to Theophilus who is a prominent Gentile who has received Christian instructions, but otherwise unknown to us.
- The timing of the book is after 62AD, when St Paul was first sent to jail.

#### **MAJOR THEMES:**

- The establishment of the Church on the day of Pentecost and the spread of the Gospel to all the world(1:8)
  - The great victory of the Christian mission under the guidance of the Holy Spirit
  - + inflamed the hearts and lives of the Apostles and all the disciples of Christ (despite of all types of persecutions, sufferings and killings!)
- An insight to the daily life of the apostolic Church, and the sources of her power and growth.



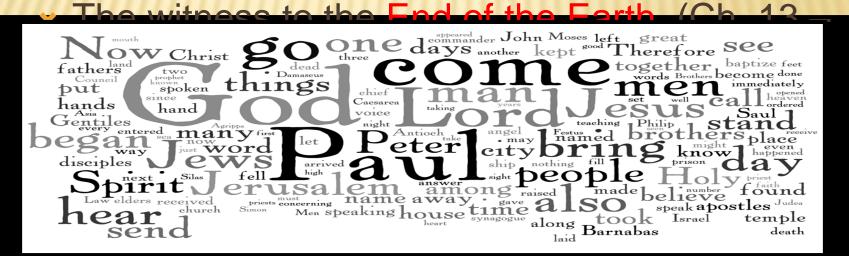
## VIDEO SUMMARY!

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MJIHgMR 7LP0

## **ANALYSIS OF THE BOOK OF ACTS:**

# The book of Acts may be divided mainly into those major areas:

- From the Ascension to the day of Pentecost (Ch.1 - 2)
  - The witness in Jerusalem (Ch. 1 8)
- The witness in Judea and Samaria (Ch. 8 12)



### THE MISSIONS

- The Holy Spirit is the leader and the guide. He decided the servants and the places to go (Acts 13:4; 16:6,7)
- They started to preach first to the Jews at synagogues. When they were rejected, then they went to the Gentiles (Acts 13:14 –16; 46)
- They reported back to the headquarter at Antioch after each mission (Acts 14:26-28, 18:22).
- The good news of the spread of the Gospel to the Gentiles and establishment of new churches caused a lot of Joy to the whole Church.
- \* The Holy Spirit supported them with marvellous miracles, wonders and all the gifts that were needed to witness the Lord Jesus Christ.

#### **SAINT PAUL**

- Saint Paul represents a unique personality among the apostles
  - + his conversion
  - the depth of his knowledge and understanding of the O.T ,
  - his zeal to spread the Good News to everyone Jews and Gentiles
  - his continuous battle with the false teachers and hard converted Jews who insisted on Judaism (circumcision and other ritual Jewish traditions .......)
     as a gate to Christianity
  - his teaching about Christ and his fourteen epistles which he wrote
  - + his long sufferings for Christ and His Church,
  - his fervent life which was empowered and inflamed by the Holy Spirit
- \* All this gave him a very special place in the Church!

## ACTIVITY



- Divide yourselves into 2 groups
- Group 1: Epistles 1-7 with a Sunday School Servant
- Group 2: Epistles 8-14 with a Sunday School Servant
- Groups are to present their tables to the class(Take turns reading the information of an epistle each.)

	The Epistle	To whom it was sent	Problems need to be solved	The theme of the epistle
1	Romans			
2	1 <sup>st.</sup> Corinthians			
3	2 <sup>nd</sup> . Corinthians			
4	Galatians			
5	Ephesians			
6	Philippians			
7	Colossians			

111	The Epistle	To whom it was sent	Problems need to be solved	The theme of the epistle
8	1 <sup>st</sup> Thessalonians	/////		
9	2 <sup>nd</sup> . Thessalonians	7/1////		
10	1 <sup>st</sup> . Timothy	///////////////////////////////////////		
11	2 <sup>nd</sup> . Timothy			
12	Titus			
13	Philemon			
14	Hebrews			

	The Epistle	To whom it was sent	Problems need to be solved	The theme of the epistle
1	Romans	Paul did not visit the	Christian from Jewish origin felt that	God's RIGHEOUSNESS revealed in
		Church in Rome yet. But	they are better than the others from	CHRIST for our SALVATION
		he sent this epistle to	Gentile origin and vise versa	
		prepare them to the faith		
		he preach.		
2	1 <sup>st.</sup>	To the Church in Corinth	1. Church disunity	1.Application of Christian principles to
	Corinthians	which St. Paul established	2. Moral failure	the problems occurring in Corinth
		in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> . Mission.	3. Dealing with Pagan religion	2. Establish the theology of :
			4. Wrong teaching about Spiritual	+ Spiritual gifts
			gifts , Eucharist and resurrection of	+ Eucharist
			the bodies	+ Resurrection of the bodies
3	2 <sup>nd</sup> .	,, ,,	1. Some attacked the Apostleship of St.	Reconciliation to the Corinthian
	Corinthians	,,	Paul , and his equality to the other	church.
			Apostles.	2. St. Paul defense of his apostolic
				credentials and authority.
4	Galatians	To the Churches in the	The Galatians churches were taken over	The true gospel vs. the false gospel .
		province of Galatia.	by Jewish teaching of returning back to	[Sufficiency of the true faith in Christ for
			the law of Moses for salvation.	salvation.]
5	Ephesians	To the Church of Ephesus		.The riches of Christ in the Church.
				[The Church is the Body of Christ. This
				Body is the center and life of all.]
6	Philippians	To the Church of Philippe		The dynamic of our life in Christ
				[JOY]
7	Colossians	To the Church of Colossi.	Heresy which was a blend of Jewish	Living by the will of God vs. dying by
		Colossi was a minor city	and Oriental ideas.	false human schemes.
		near Ephesus.	Christ is not unique.	[Preeminence of Christ in all things.]
			2. Angels was super than Christ	
			3. Sin resulted from lack of	
			knowledge	
			4. Salvation can be gained through	
			ritual and accetic practices	

	The Epistle	To whom it was sent	Problems need to be solved	The theme of the epistle
8	1 <sup>st</sup> Thessalonians	To the Church in Thessalonica .		A holy life leads to eternal life. [Jesus next coming]
9	2 <sup>nd</sup> . Thessalonians	<i>"""""</i>	False speculations about the next coming of the Lord.	Stand fast through Apostolic teaching [Understand the day of the Lord]
10	1 <sup>st</sup> . Timothy	St. Timothy ,the beloved son of St. Paul and the Bishop of Ephesus		Pastoral care of the faithful
11	2 <sup>nd</sup> . Timothy	,, ,, ,, ,,		Overcoming hardship in the ministry
12	Titus	Titus was a gentile converted by St. Paul. Appointed by St. Paul to be the Bishop of Crete.		Overseeing the Church according to the true faith.
13	Philemon	Philemon had been converted by St. Paul, and was a member of the Church in Colossi	Onesimus was a slave of Philemon, stole from his master and run away. He was then captured. Somehow, reached St. Paul and was converted to Christ. St. Paul returned him back to his master with this letter.	Our brotherhood in Christ
14	Hebrews	The Greek speaking Jewish Christian mainly in Palestine .	As Jewish Christians were dismissed from the Temple, they started to feel the sense of loss of the Jewish customs and traditions. They started to have a low view of Christ and Christianity	The superiority of Christ